

and JOHN GRAY
ST RECEIVED,
rk and Philadelphia,
A NEW
Books & Stationary
are the following:
Medical Dictionary, La
on's Life of Petrarch, Diction
ory, Ferguson's Astronomy,
Young's Latin Dictionary,
St. Pierre's Studies of Nature,
with plates, Decameron of
Practical Navigator, Federa
ts, Simpson's Euclid, W
to, of a va and pocket Bibl
rocco Prayer Books, Balle
New Dispensatory, Bailey
and Perry's Dictionaries, A
f
r Hangings,
s, Violin Strings and Bow
nt of German Flutes and Fl
ariety of other articles which
a few d ys.
RECEIVED,
y Rob. and John Gray,
MOIRS
of Dr. DARWIN.
Anna Seaward.
s, 1 dol. 75 cts.
p, 2 — 00
ilt, 2 — 50
SUBSCRIBER,
closing his out standing con
my have it in his power
andria, in case his interest may
r for sale the following
uable Property,
vz.
Friday the 8th day of Aug
clock in the forenoon, on the
LOTS belonging to him lying
street and the river Potomac
een d Cameron streets, being
and containing about 400 feet
his WHARF—a plat of the
xhibited at the sale or may be
ere. A more particular descrip
necessary, as it is supposed the
purchasing will view them, at
any time before the sale, he
subscriber, he will show them
g state of Alexandria is consid
merely expense incurred in im
property, it is presumed it will
merchants intending to re
the same day, when the
e lots is over, at the Coff
ELLING HOUSE in which
North side of King street, ne
Guptin's, which is large, com
l finished, with the front fire
with as good a cellar as any
ests.
Thursday the 6th of Aug
premises, at 10 o'clock in the
is of
Building Lots,
Wm. Wilson and the subscrib
nity of the Powder House, ad
ure to the westward thereof
way's ground and Putkin's G
s bring sufficiently remote for
a return of the Yellow Fever
uations for those who have
of retreating to the country
tunate event recur.
credits, which will be libera
own at the different places
private sale, if a fair price
acres fronting on King street
hos, Purkin's, which is in a high
nent as a Garden.
John Polls.
d3t zawda
Dollars Reward.
Y from the Little River Turn
on Wednesday night, the 29
Negro man named GABRIEL
years of age, a tolerable bla
not exactly known, but is ab
likely. It is not recollec
particular marks, except the
Harrison Fitzhugh, from wh
this year by the Company
ad a very perceivable mark
s, occasioned by a cut.
Fairfax county with Fox
ging to Mr. John Wall ingon
posed, has gone to the ne
attox Bridge, in Westm
taken up in this county. F
will be paid, and if out of
e reward, on securing him
e may be got again, or on

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. IV.]

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1864.

[No. 1052.]

Public Sale.

On FRIDAY next,
At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,
RUM

In hds. and bls. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whisky and Apple Brandy in bls.
Sogar in hds. tierces and bls.
Chocolate
White and brown Soap and } in boxes,
Mould and dipt Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queen's Ware in crates,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
&c.—Also,
A Variety of DRY GOODS,
among which, are

Cloths, Coatings, Kersemeres,
Duffels, Plains, Kefays, Negro Cottons,
Seiges, Blaficks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes, Ruffs, Yarn Stockings,
Chinrees and Calicoes,
Irish Linens, Silena do.
Olinaburgs and Tickenburgs,
Mullin and Mullin Handkerchiefs,
India Mullins and Table Cloths,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Coloured Threads, Hats, and sundry other
articles.

Philip G. Marsteller.

July 20.

JAMES BACON,
AT HIS GROCERY STORE,

King near Washingou street,
Has just received from Philadelphia, New-York
&c. an extensive selection of GROCERIES
consisting of
Guinpowder,
Imperial,
Hyson,
Young Hyson,
Hyson Skin,
Peko, Padra,
Pouchong and
Com'n Souchong

TEAS

Of the latest Impor
tation and parti
cularly chosen.

Green coffee of superior quality,
Loaf, Lump and Malabar Sugar,
W India and Sugar House Molasses,

Choice old Madeira,
Particular Tenerife,
Sherry,
Brussels,
Lisbon,
Malaga and
Port

WINES.

Claret in small casks,
Cogniac and Barcelona Brandy,
Old Jamaica Spirits,
Antigua,
St. Croix, and
St. Kitts

RUM.

Best Holland Gin,
White Wine and Cyder Vinegar,
Best Sallad Oil,
Sait Petre, Allum, Madder, Coperas & Brim
stone.

Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves and Cassia,
Cayenne and black Pepper,
Allspice, rice and ground Ginger,
Fig Blue and Poland Starch,
Dixon's Mustard,
Leiper's and Hamilton's Snuff,
Best Chewing Tobacco,
Spanish Segars,
Pearl Barley and Rice,
Shor assorted,
F and F Gunpowder,
Single and double Battle do. in papers and
cansisters,
Gun and Pistols Flints,
White and brown Soap,
Mould and dipt Candles, &c. &c.

As he has in a great measure laid
himself out for the supplying of private families,
and in consequence thereof taken every pains
to be in the selection of his goods, he flatters
himself from their superior quality, and the low
prices at which he will dispose of them, to be a
ble to give satisfaction to those who will please
to favor him with their custom.
June 11.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Intending to leave this place early next fall,
offers for sale, on the most reasonable terms, his
STOCK ON HAND, consisting of a handsome se
lection of

DRY GOODS

adapted to the present season. All persons
having claims against him are requested to present
them for settlement, and those indebted to him
will be pleased to make payment.
John Horsburgh.

June 12.

PUBLIC SALE OF LANDS.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of
the United States for the fifth circuit Virginia
district, in the suit of Hepburn and Dundas
against Thomas West, in chancery—will be
sold on the premises to the highest bidder, at
Public Auction, for ready money, on Monday
the 20th of August next, at 12 o'clock A. M
if fair, if not, the next fair day at the same
hour,

A TRACT OF LAND,

situate on Hunting Creek, in the County of
Fairfax and Commonwealth of Virginia, within
one mile of the town of Alexandria, and near to
the Cameron Mills, whereon major Thomas West
now resides, supposed to contain from fifty to
eighty acres.

Also,

on the same day will be offered for sale,
The residue of said Thos. West's Land,
lying on the northwest line of the patent of Carr
and Simpson, adjacent to the tract before men
tioned, not disposed of by the said Thomas West
at the time certain mortgages were made by him
to Hepburn and Dundas.

Richard M. Scott,
F. Peyton,
Amos Alexander, } Com's

July 12.

FRESH FRUIT

Of a superior quality.

JOHN A. BURFORD,

(Late Joseph Dyson's store, Prince street.)
Has this day received, per the brig
Neptune, from Lisbon,
LEMONS by the box or smaller quantity,
800 lbs. soft shell'd Almonds,
500 lbs. English Walnuts,
10 boxes of preserved Prunes,
And some Sweet Meats,
All which are in excellent order, and the best
ever brought to this port.

Just received, per the brig Jo
annah, from Newburyport, a few tierces first
quality SPED POTATOES.
July 5.

FRUIT, GROCERIES

FOR SALE,

At the subscriber's Store on Union Street,
Forty boxes
LISBON LEMONS,
equal to any ever at this market—West India
and New England Rum by the hhd. or barrel;
French Brandy in pipes; Sugar in bls. nice Spa
nish Segars by the box; Salad Oil by the box
or bottle; good English Cheese; Olives, soft
shell'd Almonds by the bale; English Walnuts,
Raisins by the box, Prunes, Figs, fresh Limes,
Nice Smithfield Bacon Hams,
of a small size, &c.
Abel Willis.

July 5.

POTOMACK COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, That an
Annual Meeting of the Stockholders will be held
according to law, at Gadsby's tavern in Alex
andria, on Monday the 6th day of August next,
when the Treasurer's account, with other papers
as relate to the Company's affairs, will be laid
before them for their consideration.
By Order,
Joseph Carleton,
Treasurer for the Potomack Company.

July 7.

OLD FRUIT STORE.

The Advertiser has for Sale, at his Store on
Prince street, a variety of
Fruit—Nuts—Groceries, &c.
VIZ.

Fresh LEMONS—imported in the
brig Neptune direct from Lisbon; Limes,
Oranges, Figs, Raisins, preserved Prunes,
&c. &c.
Soft shell'd Almonds, English Wal
nuts, &c.

Holland Gin of a superior quality,
Cogniac Brandy, W. I. and country Rum, Mi
deira and Tenerife Wine, loaf, lump and brown
Sugar, Molasses, best Green Coffee, Teas of dif
ferent qualities, &c.
Smithfield Bacon Hams,
Venison, Shad and Herrings, (intended for
family use, and put up with particular attention.)
Cordons, Mackerel, &c. &c.

Thomas Simms.

July 9.

For Freight or Charter,
To EUROPE or the W. INDIES,
The BRIG
COMMERCE,

JOHN HARPER, Master.
She is in complete order and ready for sea, bur
then 1250 bls. Apply to the master on board,
or to M'CLEAN and WINTERBERRY.

For Freight or Charter,
To any Port in the United States or
the West Indies,
The Scho'r BETSEY,
Tholemiab Berry, Master.
Will be ready to take in a cargo in a few days.
Apply to the master on board, or to
M'Clean and Winterberry.

Who have for sale, at their store on Union tree
24 pun heens 4th proof Jamaica Rum,
15 hds. St. Croix Sugar,
15 bls. Phila. Loaf, } SUGARS,
10 do. Lump }
Imperial Tea by the qr. chest,
Mets and prime Pork by the barrel,
Do. Beef,
50 bags black Pepper,
10 bls 4th proof Peach Brandy,
10 pipes, 7 half pipes at 5 quarter casks Ma
deira Wine,
Salt in sacks, Porter in bls.
Ravens Duck, Spanish Segars, &c.
July 19.

For Charleston, (S. Carolina,)
The Schooner COMET,
Capt MEEDS.
Will sail on Tuesday next.
For PASSAGE only, having good accommoda
tions, Apply to
Lewis Deblois.
July 28.

For BOSTON,
THE SLOOP
AMPHIBIOUS,
Ebenezer Rogers, Master.
For Freight or Passage apply to the master on
board, at Ricketts and Newton's wharf, or
A and F Lannet.

For NEW-YORK,
The fast sailing Sloop
LITTLE JIM,
Thomas V. Butler, Master.
burthen about 400 bls. For Freight or Passage
apply to the captain on board at Merchant's
Wharf, or
Daniel Murgatroyd,
King street.

Who has for Sale,
Berbon Gurahs,
Nimposakie Coffas,
Chittabully Battas,
Champore Coffas,
Jantally Mamoodys,
Johanna Lawns,
Table Cloths,
4th proof Jamaica Rum,
Country Gin, and
A few bls. N. York Cargo Pork.
July 25.

For Freight or Charter,
The Sloop Columbia,
burden about 500 bls.
Thos. R. Gardner, Master.
Apply to J. G. LADD.
Who has for Sale, received per said Sloop,
Fifteen puncheons
High flavoured Jamaica Spirits.
July 16.

Robert and John Gray
Have just received,
A SUPPLY of Super Royal,
Royal,
Medium,
Demy,
Folio and
Quarto Post
And Foolscap
July 18.

Notice is hereby given,
To the Stockholders of the Bank of
Alexandria, that a dividend of four and a half
per cent. on the capital Stock of said Bank for
the half year ending this day is declared, and
will be ready to be paid to them, or their re
presentatives, on Thursday next, the 5th instant.
By order of the President and Directors,
Gurden Chapin, Cashier.
July 7.

WANTED,
At the Navy Yard, Washington,
A quantity of the following articles,
VIZ.

5 inch Oak Plank,
4 1/2 inch do.
3 inch do.
2 inch do.
3 inch yellow pine }
Plank, } Lengths from thirty
2 1/2 inch do. } feet upwards.
2 inch do.
Locust Trinnails, of 18 and 24 inches long.
Locust Timber, in the log.
Cedar do. do.
Beams of Yellow Pine and Oak Knees of va
rious sizes.

Proposals for supplying the whole or any part
of the materials, specifying the particulars and
the lowest price, will be received by the sub
scriber until the first day of August next.

THOS. TINGEY.
Navy Yard, Washington,
July 10, 1864.
N. B. All further information which may be
required can be obtained, on application being
made at the Contractor's Office. d4tA

PROPOSALS.

For Printing by subscription a comprehensive de
scription of
The Harbour of St. John's,
IN
The Island of Newfoundland.
With the occupation and amusements of the in
habitants; the government and trade of that
important British island; concluding with fun
dry observations in relation to
The Court of Vice Admiralty
Established there—well worthy the attention of
those merchants who are shippers to foreign
markets.
By a person who resided there three months of the
last Winter.

TERMS—The work shall be printed on fine
paper, and on delivery, subscribers to
pay Four Shillings.
Subscriptions received at this Office.
July 12.

ROBERT B. JAMESON,

GREEN COFFEE.
8,000 lbs. Cocoa,
20 hds. Molecavado Sugar,
20 bags of Cotton,
20 punche's fine flavor'd St. Croix Rum,
20 hds. Molasses,
10 pipes Holland Gin,
30 qr. chests of Irish Teas assorted,
10 pipes London P. Madeira
8 do. old Port
4 do. P. Tenneriffe
15 qr. casks Sherry, and
4 pipes Brussels
3 hds. green Coppersas,
4 hds. Roli Brimstone,
2 hds. Madder,
2 hds. Allum, and
120 boxes Spanish Segars of different
qualities, with most other articles in the Grocery
Line.
May 29.

BENJAMIN SHREVE, Junr.
HAS FOR SALE

At the corner of Prince and Union Streets,
(JUST RECEIVED)
2,800 pieces NANKEENS,
165 do. Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
2 bales Sannahs,
2 do. Battas,
1 do. Emertys,
1 do. blue Gurrahs,
1 do. India Chintz,
2 bags Sago
1 bag Hops,
94 Birch Floor Mats,
3 cases and one cask Women's Morocco
and Leather Shoes.

ALSO ON HAND,
Fifteen bales of India Cottons,
Consisting of

5 bales Battas,
5 do. Emertys,
4 do. Sannahs,
1 do. Calfans,
30 pieces Black Satin,
2 sets Tea China,
Mens' coarse, and women's Morocco an
other shoes,
Leiper's Snuff in half bls. and kegs,
1 case Mariner's Compasses,
10 coils Cordage, assorted,
24 bags Pepper,
40 bls. Beef No. 1. and
A large quantity of red Soal Leather.
June 4.

JUST PUBLISHED,
ROBERT and JOHN GRAY,
 King street,
 AN ELEGANT EDITION OF
THE HOLY BIBLE.

In four handsome Octavo Volumes—Price, well bound, Ten Dollars.

This edition is now offered to the public as a specimen of American paper and printing, which will not suffer by a comparison with any book printed in this country.

A GOLD MEDAL was given to Robert Carr, the Printer of this Bible, by the American Company of Bookellers, as the best specimen of Printing exhibited at their annual meeting at New York last June.
 July 31. d

**In the case of JAMES GILLIES,
 A BANKRUPT.**

The commissioners give notice, that they will on Tuesday the 7th day of August next, attend at the house of John Gasby, at 10 o'clock, A. M. to determine the right of Wm. Harbison to the dividend claimed by him as the receiver of the debts of John Manville: those creditors who object to his receipt of any dividend of the bankrupt's effects, are desired to attend with such proofs as they can procure to support such objections.
 CLEON MOORE,
 Secretary to the Commissioners, pro tem.
 July 31. d31

Mechanic Relief Society.

The members of the Mechanic Relief Society, will please to attend a quarterly meeting, to be held at the Council Chamber, on Wednesday the first of August, at seven o'clock in the evening.
 John V. Thomas, Sec'y.

July 30.

NOW LANDING and for SALE,
 200 casks

FRESH LIME.

THOS. PRESTON.

July 28. d41

MAYOR'S OFFICE,

Alex. 24th July, 1804.

SEVERAL of the proprietors of ground in the square comprehended between King, Water, Prince and Union streets, having neglected to fill up the same to the regulation of the streets, agreeably to an order of Council dated the 20th ultimo; the Superintendent of Police is hereby directed to perform the duty required, at the expense of the Corporation, and afterwards to recover the amount thereof from the defaulters respectively, in the manner prescribed for the recovery of other public claims.

Elisba C. Dick,

Mayor of Alexandria.

NOTICE.

THE deranged state of the Aquia Inspectors renders it necessary that the securities of the inspectors should be speedily informed of whatever discharge of such of them as the said securities may be liable for—Gentlemen holding notes will please leave notice of them with Messrs. Bostace, Mowbray & Co. at Aquia.

Hawkin Stone,

John P. Harrison.

Aquia, July 25. d3w

FRESH

Rhode Island Stone Lime,

just received and for sale

By John G. Ladd

In 21. d

Ten Dollars Reward.

Absconded from his master's service on Wednesday morning the 18th inst.

NEGRO JERRY,

about five feet four inches high, 21 or 22 years of age, very black, and down look but pleasing when spoken to; his clothing a round blue sailor jacket, check shirt and offenburg trousers, a new wool hat, and a round iron collar about his neck well rivetted on. The above reward will be paid to any person for taking him up and securing him so that I get him again, and reasonable charges if brought home.

William Patterson.

Masters of vessels and others are forewarned from harbouring or carrying him off, as they will be prosecuted to the utmost extent of the law.

July 31. d31

Five Dollars Reward,

FOR apprehending and committing to jail, or bringing home ALSE, a Negro woman who ran away on Tuesday morning the 17th inst. She is about 30 years of age, of middle size, dark brown complexion, her nose higher than those common to negroes; she took with her a variety of clothing.

Her mother, WINNY, about 50 years of age a stout black woman, has been running away for about 6 years. She was for sometime in Alexandria, called her name Winny Buckner, and once hired herself to a Mr. Sutton of that place: She has since been heard of at Baltimore. It is likely Alse has made for Frederickburg, to make her escape to her mother.

If both are secured, so that I get them again, I will give Thirty Dollars.

Richard Norris.

Calpepper Court House,

July 25. d121

Late Foreign Intelligence.

PARIS, May 19.

Concluded from yesterday's Advertiser.

ORGANIC SENATUS CONSULTUM,
 Of the 28th Floreal.

TITLE V.—Of the great dignities of the empire.

32. The Grand Dignities of the Empire are those of grand Elector, Arch Chancellor of State, Arch Treasurer, Constable and Grand Admiral.

33. The titularies of the grand dignities of the Empire are nominated by the French Princes; and take precedence immediately after them. The period of their reception determines the rank which they respectively hold.

34. The grand dignities of the Empire cannot be removed.

35. The titularies of the great dignities of the Empire are Senators and Counsellors of State.

36. They form the grand council of the Emperor; they are members of the Privy Council; they compose the Grand Council of the Legion of Honour. The present members of the Grand Council of the Legion of Honour shall retain during life; their titles, functions, and prerogatives.

37. The Emperor presides in the Senate and Council of State. When the Emperor does not preside in the Senate or Council of State, he shall nominate one of the titularies of the great dignities of the state to be President.

38. All acts of the Senate and Legislative Body are passed in the name of the Emperor, and promulgated or published under the Imperial seal.

39. The grand electors perform the functions of Chancellor.—1st. In convoking the legislative, the electoral colleges, and the cantonal assemblies; 2d. In promulgating the *Senatus Consulta* for dissolving the legislative body or the electoral colleges.—The grand elector presides in the absence of the Emperor, when the Senate proceeds to the nomination of senators, legislators, or tribunes. He may reside in the palace of the Senate. He makes known to the Emperor the remonstrances presented by the electoral colleges or the cantonal assemblies, in regard to the preservation of their prerogative. When a member of an electoral college is denounced, agreeably to the 21st article of the organic senatus consultum, of the 16th Thermidor, year 10, as having committed any act contrary to his duty, the grand elector will invite the college to manifest its will. He shall report the will of the college to the Emperor. The grand elector presents the members of the senate, of the council of state, and of the legislative body, to take the oath before the Emperor. He administers the oath to the presidents of the electoral colleges, of the departmental and cantonal assemblies.—He presents the solemn depositions of the senate, the council of state, the legislative body, tribunate, and electoral colleges, when admitted to an audience of the Emperor.

SPEECH OF MOREAU,

Before the Court of Criminal Justice.

GENTLEMEN,

In presenting myself before you, I ask to be heard for a moment. My confidence in the counsel I have chosen is entire: I have resigned to them without reserve the care of defending my innocence; it is only in compliance with their desire that I wish to speak before the court, but I feel the need of speaking myself, both to you and the nation.

Unhappy circumstances produced by chance or prepared by hatred, may obscure some periods of the life of the most upright man. With much address a criminal may remove from him both the suspicions and the proofs of his crimes; a whole life is always the surest testimony against, or in favor of the accused. It is then my whole life which I oppose to the accusers who pursue me. It has been sufficiently public to be known. I will recal some epochs of it, and the witnesses that I shall invoke are the French people, and the people whom France has conquered.

At the commencement of that revolution which was to found the liberty of the French people, I was devoted to the study of laws. It changed the destination of my life; I devoted it to arms; I did not place myself among the soldiers of liberty from ambition; I embraced the military life from respect for the laws of the nation; I became a warrior, because I was a citizen.

I supported this character under the colours; I have always preserved it. The

more I loved liberty, the more I submitted to discipline.

I advanced very rapidly, but always from grade to grade, without overleaping any—always serving my country, never flattering the committees. Arrived at the chief command when victory caused us to advance into the middle of hostile nations, I did not less apply myself to make the character of the French people respected, than to make their armies dreaded. The war under my orders was a scourge only in the fields of battle. Even from the midst of their ravaged plains, more than once have nations and hostile powers rendered me this testimony. This conduct I believed as proper as our victories, to make conquests to France.

At the time when even contrary maxims appeared to prevail in the committees of government, this conduct did not excite against me either calumny or persecution. No cloud ever arose to tarnish the military glory which I had acquired, till that too famous day—the 18th Fructidor; those who, with too much rapidity extolled that day, reproached me with being too slow to denounce a man, in whom I could see only a brother in arms, even at the moment when the evidence of facts and of proofs convinced me that he was accused by truth, and not by unjust suspicions. The Directory, who alone knew the circumstances of my conduct sufficiently to judge of it correctly, and who, every one knows, could not be disposed to judge me with indulgence, boldly declared that they found me irreproachable; they employed me in their service; the post was not brilliant, but it soon became so.

I dare to believe that the nation has not forgotten how much I shewed myself worthy of it; it has not forgotten with what facile devotedness I fought in Italy in subordinate stations; it has not forgotten how I was restored to the chief command by the reverses of our armies, and renamed general, in some measure, by our misfortunes; it remembers how I twice recomposed the army of the wrecks of those that had been dispersed; and how, after having twice sent it back in a condition to oppose the Russians & Austrians, I twice resigned the command of it to enter on one of much higher confidence.

I was not, at that era of my life, more republican than in all the others; I appeared more so. I saw fixed upon me, in a more peculiar manner, the regards and the confidence of those whose province it was to impress new movements, and new directions on the republic. They proposed, it is well known, to place me at the head of

Brumaire. My ambition, if I had had much of it, could easily conceal itself from all appearances, or even do honor to itself by every sentiment of the love of country.

The proposition was made to me by men celebrated in the revolution by their patriotism, and in our national assemblies by their talents; I believed myself made to command armies, and did not wish to command the republic.

This was enough to prove, in my opinion, that if I had an ambition, it was not that of authority, or of power; very soon after, I proved this still farther.

The 18th Brumaire arrived, and I was at Paris. That revolution, provoked by others as by me, could not alarm my conscience. Directed by a man environed with a blaze of glory, it made me to hope for happy results. I began to second it when other parties pressed me to put myself at their head to combat it. I received in Paris the orders of general Bonaparte. In executing them I concurred to elevate him to that high degree of power which circumstances rendered necessary.

When sometime after, he offered me the chief command of the army of the Rhine, I accepted it from him with as much devotion as from the hand of the republic itself. My military successes were never more rapid, more numerous, more decisive, than at that epoch when their splendour overspread the government which accused me.

Upon the event of so many successes, of which the greatest of all was to have ascertained, in an efficacious manner, the peace of the continent, the soldier heard the lofty shouts of national gratitude.

What a moment to conspire if such a design had ever been able to enter my soul! Every one knows the devotedness of armies to chiefs whom they love, and whom they have just led from victory to victory: an ambitious man, a conspirator, would he have suffered the occasion to have escaped when, at the head of an army of a hundred thousand men so often triumphant, he returned to the midst of a nation still agitated and always restless with regard to its principles and their duration?

I only thought of disbanding the army, and returned to the repose of civil life.

In this repose, which was not without glory, I enjoyed without doubt my honours—those honours which human power can never wrest from me, the remembrance of my actions, the testimony of my conscience, the esteem of my compatriots and strangers, and, if it may be said, the flattering and sweet presentment of posterity.

I enjoyed a fortune which was not great, because my desires were not immense, and which caused no reproach of conscience.—I enjoyed the entertainment of my retreat. Surely I was contented with my lot—I who never envied the lot of any. My family and my friends, so much the more precious as not having any thing to hope from my credit or my fortune, they could remain attached to me alone.

All these blessings, which alone I highly appreciate, filled my soul entirely, and could permit no undue desire or ambitious wish to enter; would it then be opened to criminal projects?

This condition of my soul was so well known, it was so well guaranteed by the distance at which I kept from all the paths of ambition, that since the victory of Hohenlinden till my arrestation, my enemies have never been able either to find or to seek me by another crime than the freedom of my discourses; my discourses—they have often been favorable to the operations of government; and if at any time they have not been so, could I therefore think that that was a crime among a people who had so often decreed that of thought, that of words, that of the press, and who had enjoyed much of it even under kings.

I confess, that, born with an openness of disposition, I have not lost this attribute of the country (of France) where I received life, neither in the camp where every thing gives a new impetus, nor in the revolution which has always proclaimed it as a virtue of the man, and as a duty of the citizen.—But do those who plot blame so openly what they disapprove? If I had wished to form and pursue plans of conspiracy, I would have dissembled my sentiments, and solicited all the situations which could have replaced me in the midst of the forces of the nation.

In order to trace this plan, in default of political genius, which I never possessed, I had examples known to all the world, and rendered imposing by their success. I know well that Moreau did not withdraw from the armies when he wished to conspire, and that Cassius and Brutus approached the heart of Caesar to pierce it.

Magistrates! I have nothing more to say to you. Such has been my character such has been my whole life. I protest in the face of heaven and of men, the innocence and integrity of my conduct: You know your duties, France listens to you, Europe contemplates you, and posterity awaits.

BALTIMORE, July 27.

Arrived, sch'r Eleanor, Smith 18 days from Basseterre, (Guad.) The schooner Victory, for Baltimore, sailed the day before to touch at St. Thomas. Left brig Sophia, of Philadelphia, in 15 days; Commerce Smith, of do. in 3 weeks; and many others belonging to the northward.—Eight days before they sailed the sch'r Iris, of Fredericksburgh, was seized for smuggling ran away in the night, and carried off the French guard. Eight days ago, spoke the Danish ship John of Baltimore to St. Thomas, lat 35, long 70. The Swedish brig Maria, from Guadeloupe, came into the Capes with the Eleanor.

Also English ship Marv. Cox, (Acton, late master) 31 days from Barbadoes. July 14, off Cape Romain, on their passage to Savanna was taken by the *La Dame Anglaise* French privateer, the people taken out a prize master put on board, and ordered for Guadeloupe. Next day fell in with the English sloop of war Lilly—an engagement ensued and the sloop of war was finally taken with the loss of the captain and 1st lieutenant, and several other officers—next day, (16th) the Mary's crew was returned on board of their own vessel, together with the whole of the Lilly's people, excepting two of the officers, and after taking the slaves, ivory and every other valuable they could get from the Mary, they desired them to go any where they pleased, as they did not wish to be encumbered with so dull a sailing vessel. The captain of the Mary landed several of the sloop of war's people on Cape Hatteras. The wounded men they sent to Norfolk. The privateer, 3 days before, had taken an English galliot from Honduras to London, the crew of which is now on board. The privateer was waiting to intercept two English vessels from Charleston to Liverpool. The remaining part of the Mary's cargo is re-

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the army, life. without honours power can abundance of conscience, and straining and not great, sense, and science.—y retreat. my lot—I My fa—the more g to hope they could ne I highly and could ous wish d to crimi. s so well ed by the the patha y of Hoen- mics have o seek me om of my y have of. ons of go- they have think that e who had ht, that of no had en- gness of ttribute of I received every thing revolution as a virtue citizen.— so openly had wished nspracy, I iments, and e could have e forces of n default of possessed, I world, and less. I know aw from the ire, and that the heart of re more to my character I protest in n, the inno- duct: You ens to you, and posterity 27. with 18 days he schooner the day be Left brig days; Com- es; and ma- northward.— led the schi- seized for ht, and ear- ght days ago, of Baltimore ng 70. The Guadalupe, Eleanor. Cox, (Acton, badoes. Ju- their passage a Dame Am- ple taken out and ordered ell in with the —an engage- war was final- tain and ist- officers—next was returned el, together people, ex- after taking her valuable they desired ased, as they d with so dull o of the Ma- of war's peo- ounded men- privateer, s English galliot, the crew of privateer wal- glish vessels, ready to sail l. The re- cargo is re-

small ivory, and Manchester cot- Also arrived Spanish ship Apollo, from Alexandria via Alexandria. Ship Robert from New York, and schr. Ship Robert from Philadelphia. July 28. Arrived last night, ship Eliza, Harvy, from Amsterdam. Brings nothing later than the Tamerlane, arrived at Boston. May 23, spoke ship Union, from Philadelphia to Antwerp.— June 20 lat 42, long. 43, ship Citizen, from New York to Amsterdam. July 4, lat. 7, long. 63, brig Saunders, from Philadel- phia to Madeira. Swedish brig Marius, Dickson from Guadalupe. Ship Fame, Davis, 30 days from New Orleans. Schr. Samuel —, and Franklin, Ridg- way, from New York. Brig Alert, Wright, 14 days from Por- to Rico. Left schr. Virginia, Forsyth, of Nor- folk and Only Daughter, of New York un- derlain. Capt. W. reports that about the 14th June, brig Dove, of New York loaded with coffee, was brought into St. John's by a French privateer, under pretence of distress, and being allowed 8 days to repair was unloaded in the night and the brig sent to sea. Heard of several vessels be- ing carried into the south side of the island, names unknown. ship Orb, Farley, 60 days from Liver- pool. Sailed the 29th May in co. with ship Laura, of and for New York. Left the Amiable, Rinker, for Philadelphia, to sail last of July. June 17, lat. 47, long. 20, ship Venus, Dashiield, from Amsterdam for Baltimore. July 4, lat. 41, long. 55, brig Jefferson, 37 days from Bordeaux for N. York. July 29. Also ship Bermingham, Lewis 74 days from Amsterdam. Brings nothing new, May 26, lat. 40, long. 26, spoke schooner Industry, from Boston to Rotterdam. June 4, lat. 46, long. 26, spoke schooner Ruth from Boston for Embden. 9th brig Wexford, from Charleston for Rochelle. 14th lat. 43, long. 36, ship Ritson and Suffolk, from London for Norfolk. July 13 schooner George, from Cape Ann for Guadalupe. 17 ship Diana, from Phila- delphia, for London. Also, ship Montazuma, Dashiield, 128 days from Batavia. Left there the 22d March, ship Ann and Hope, Long of Providence, arrived about a week, ship Philadelphia, to sail in two days, the captain very ill; ship recovery Brown of Providence, to sail sometime —ship Jane, Robinson, of Baltimore, arrived 20th of March to sail in twenty days; ship Anthony Mangin, of Philadelphia, and a number of others lately arrived, names unknown. The Rebecca, Deal, for Balti- more, sailed 37 days before the Montezu- ma, she had a number of passengers on board, and intended to stop at St. Helena to water, Captain Long of the Ann and Hope, reported that he spoke the Rebecca eighteen days before his arrival, off the S. E. of Madasca. The Bachus, Day of Baltimore, sailed for Muscat about the 20th February. Saw two ships in the Straights of Sunda, bound up one of them shewed the American flag. May 10 lat 35, S. long 21, E. spoke brig Lydia, Smith from Calcutta, for Boston out sixty days. June 19 lat. 1, N. long 26, W. was boarded by the British ship of war Calcutta, from Bor- any bay and treated politely. July 15, lat. 27, long. 57, spoke schooner, Gammell, from Baltimore to Curacao, out thirteen days.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1.

At Amsterdam, June 1—Schr. Brothers, of Alex- andria, for Georgetown, to sail June 2; brig Moses, for Baltimore, do—brig Robert, Dun- can, do, ship Sally, Hutchinson, and ship Sal- ly, Williams, both for do. brig John and Joseph, for ditto.

Our correspondent in New York, (says the American Daily Advertiser of Monday last) has enabled us to anticipate the contents of this day's mail.

The jury summoned by the Coroner of the city of New York, to enquire into the cause of the melancholy death of General Hamilton, have not yet agreed to their verdict. It is stated in the New York Daily Advertiser of Saturday, the 28th ult. that "Mr. M. J. Davis, and a boat- man belonging to the Office of the Morning Chronicle, were on Tuesday last committed to Bridewell by the Coroner—the former for

refusing, after having sworn to answer the ques- tions put to him, as a witness—the latter for re- fusing to swear."

If Le Brun, the Arch-Treasurer of France, proves able, under the present cir- cumstances of that Empire, to support her armies, and navies, in inactivity; to defray the expenses of the Imperial Establishment of the Empress Josephina; Princes of the Blood; Great and Grand Dignitaries, &c. &c. and do all this without giving its allies another fraternal squeeze, he may literally be pronounced a very arch officer.

NEW INVENTION.

SOLOMON DAWSON and ISAAC COX, of K. county, (Delaware,) have invented a Machine, that takes off the heads of Wheat, Rye, and Barley, without losing the shat- tered grains in its ripe state; it promises to be one of the greatest inventions ever yet discovered in agricultural improvements as its utility tends greatly to curtail the ex- pense and labour of the farmer, save abun- dantly more of his grain, and improves the land. The inventors have not had a full opportunity this harvest to observe and cor- rect the imperfections (naturally attendant on all new inventions) so as to make it en- tirely complete; but as it will equally apply to the taking off the heads of clover, they expect by the time the seed is ripe to be able to satisfy any person desirous to pro- mote improvement in agriculture, who will find it answers every end contemplated. (Dover Argus.)

It is a curious fact, and worthy of remark, that the equal duration of the republic of Rome has existed so long only as just to equal the du- ration of the Commonwealth of England, which was eleven years and four months to a day, if the commencement of both be dated from the death of the King.

MARRIED on Sunday evening last, by the Rev. Thos. Davis, Mr. WM. TURNER to Miss KITTY WEST both of this place.

FROM THE REGISTER.

Mr. Editor,

Somebody has somewhere said (tho' as I'm not much in the habit of reading, I forget who) that of all the arguments which were ever used, none have greater weight with most men, than those which are ad- dressed to their pockets. Tho' the party to which I belong (for you must know that I'm a democrat) have made good use of this kind of argument, by persuading the peo- ple that if they would only vote for Mr. Jef- ferson, their taxes would be lessened, yet you too, Mr. Editor, seems to think it a strong one, by printing so much to prove that Mechanics have as hard times, and that the public money is as much wasted now as when Adams was our President. Now tho' I'm not much used to writing and am afraid that as my arguments may outweigh yours, you won't print this, yet still as I want them to be read by the same persons that read yours, I tho't I'd try whether you would or not.

And first let me ask you, what more could any reasonable man wish for, to prove that Mr. Jefferson would do as we said he would, than what he told us all in the speech he made the day he was sworn in; I mean where he talked about "a wise and frugal government, which shall leave men free to regulate their own pursuits of industry and improvement, and shall not take from the mouth of labour the bread it has earned;" and about "economy in the public expence, that labour may be lightly burdened," for you must know that I tho't the speech such a fine one, that I got it all by heart, and could say the whole of it to you. But for all the speech is such a handsome one, there's an old neighbour of mine, who, as he has fought hard, and was wounded in the last war, I sometimes listen to more than I would to any other fed, who is always grumbling that words and deeds are differ- ent things, and about repairing and return- ing a French ship, with a hard name, that had been taken by one of our frigates, be- cause she had been capturing some of our merchants' vessels; and about wasting fif- teen millions of our money to buy a coun- try which we might have got for less, and which is hardly any use to us now we have got it; and, more than all, about taking off the taxes upon loaf sugar and pleasure car- riages, and still keeping them on salt, brown sugar, and some other things, which he says are necessary to fill the mouth of labour. I sometimes get quite angry when I hear him talk in such a foolish way, for did not the repairing the French ship go to lessen the "debt of gratitude" that we owe to our dear sister republic, (tho' the old man told me the other day, that I must not call her such any longer, for fear of offend- ing Bonaparte, whom he says they have made Emperor) and did not our doing so

get us the good will of "the enlightened government of France" as Mr. Jefferson calls it, and which suits all times. But more, Mr. Editor, did not Mr. Jefferson counter-balance the expence by letting our own frigates go without repairs, and even selling some of them, so that the people felt nothing of it in the end. But as you are a friend to the Merchants, I suppose you'll say as my old neighbour does, that as our frigates are sold, their vessels are no longer protected. About that, however, I think as Mr. Jefferson does, that it would be better for us if we had no commerce, for then we should be better republicans, and besides, almost all the Merchants are op- posed to him, and therefore if they should lose a little, it's no great matter.

But as I said before, I'm afraid you won't print this, and as I find it rather troublesome to write long, I'll wait to see whether you will or not, before you shall hear any thing more from

A GOOD DEMOCRAT.

The following lines, considered as the pro- duction of a young Miss, only twelve years of age, a favorite of General HAM- MILTON's in his life time, will be read with some interest and approbation:

ELEGY,
On the Death of Gen. Hamilton.

Hark! while the deep on'd, solemn, funeral bell,
Proclaims some chief has bade the world farewell!
Mark! how they pay to worth the tribute due,
While plying tears the mournful cheek bedew.
Weil may they weep, and for his loss deplore:
His country's friend, great Hamilton's no more!
Who will not sigh when virtue meets the doom,
And generous worth is summoned to the tomb?
But in the feeling mind he'll ne'er expire,
Still crowds shall bless him—blessing still admire;
Still shall he live, the favorite of Fame,
Who thro' the world shall found his honor'd name;
Record the virtues in his foul combin'd,
True to his friends, nor to his foes unkind;
Ca'd as truth, like innocence sincere,
Liberal and just when others' faults appear;
And when an error, or a vice he found,
He scorn'd to add reproaches to the wound.
When he fought nobly in his country's cause,
'Twas not ambition of a vain applause,
But from pure motives, like a patriot brave,
Her rights, her laws, her liberties, to save—
Shall, then, Columbia's sons her grief repress?
Shall they not all their virtuous hero bless?
Who is there now can unconcern'd appear,
And from his memory withhold the tear?
See, at the tomb, what mournful crowds attend,
Oh! patriot, hero, husband, father, friend!
Now free from cares, from mad revenge secure,
Angels shall wait thee to those regions pure,
Where worth like thine shall find its bright re- ward,
And FACTION's murderous arm is rear'd.

L. L.

From the American Daily Advertiser.

The following tribute of affectionate remem- brance was intended to have announced the decease of a beloved fellow citizen, in the American Daily Advertiser; but its appear- ance was prevented at the time, by other ef- fusions of spontaneous respect, which had been previously offered for intertion: It will still, however, be acceptable to many of our read- ers, as a more detailed account of a life that exhibited a shining example of piety, humility and zeal.

On the nineteenth of June after a linger- ing illness, departed this life—in peace with God and Man WILLIAM SAVERY, an eminent Minister of the Gospel of Christ, in profession with the Society of Friends.

"Wisdom," says Solomon, "is grey hairs; and unspotted life, old age." The blameless subject of the following memento, had not yet completed his fifty fourth year; and an aged mother still survives, to shed the tears of maternal affection, over the grave of a son, whose life and conversation had long adorned the doctrine of the Gos- pel.

It was neither in the seclusion of a clois- ter, nor amidst the dissipation of a court; but in the familiar walk of common life & useful occupation, that the venerable man ful- filled the duties, and revived the example of a Christian Bishop in the age of the Apostles. —"These hands," could he have said with St. Paul, "have ministered to my ne- cessities, and those that were with me; for he wrought daily at his trade which was that of a tanner; that he might provide things honest in the sight of all men, and have wherewithal to give to them that had need, without making the ministration of the Gos- pel a charge to any. Yet such was his con- sistent care to avoid entangling himself with the affairs of this life, that he might please Him, who had chosen him to be a Sol- dier in the Christian warfare, that he was wont to say, in the simplicity of his heart

"I am worth about"—so much, "and I never expect to be richer."

This faithful follower of a self-denying Leader, held nothing too dear to be parted with for the promotion of truth and righte- ousness in the earth. In the year 1796, with the approbation of his brethren, he visited the churches of their communion in Great-Britain and Ireland; and afterwards travelled through some parts of Holland, France and Germany, to salute, in the love and fellowship of the Gospel, the honest hearted professors of the Christian faith, of every religious denomination. From this apostolic mission he returned in 1798, with the answer of peace in his bosom; and again betook himself to that quiet and peace- able life, in which he was an example to the believers, in all godliness and honesty. When Philadelphia was re-visited with a pestilential fever in 1802, and again in 1803, this devoted servant of a Master that went about doing good, thought it his duty to remain in the city, and assist in taking care of the sick—thus literally, fulfilling the scripture definition of pure and undefil- ed religion, by visiting the fatherless and widows, in their affliction; as well as by keeping himself unspotted from the world.

In the intercourse of social life, an easy temper, perhaps a spark of national vivaci- ty (for he was descended from a family of French protestants, that had been exiled from Montpellier during the persecution of Louis XIV.) rendered him peculiarly frank and unreserved. His open counte- nance beamed with the cheerfulness of good will, and the grave deportment which becomes his profession, was happily tem- pered with natural urbanity, as well as christian grace.

In the exercise of his spiritual gifts, as a Minister of the Church Militant, he was careful not to run when he was not sent; & such was the awefulness of his frame, in public prayer; that cold indeed must have been that heart, which was not animated by the fervency of his supplication.

The tenor of his life was his Creator's praise and

"GLORY TO GOD!"

was the grateful aspiration of his ascending spirit, when mortal was about to put on immortality, in the Christian triumph over death and the grave. It remains for us that are behind to follow him, as he followed Christ—if we also would receive the welcome sentence of "Well done, good and faithful servant. Enter thou into the joy of thy Lord."

THE following truly Pindaric effusion can never be sufficiently admired. We copy it from the concluding stanza of an Ode for the Fourth of July, sung at "Liberty Corner," Langdon, in the State of New Hampshire:

Huzza! to the Constitution!
Huzza! to the Republic!
Huzza! Freedom! Independence!
Huzza! to all America!

Dame "Republica," in the second line, was qualified we suppose, that she might jibe with M's line 2, in the 4th line. [Bost. Pal.]

Public Sale.

On Saturday next will be sold on the premises a COOPER'S SHOP, in the occu- pancy of George Hill, on Union street, and im- mediately after on C. I. Gilpin wharf

A Handsome Sailing Boat.
Philip G. Marshall.

August 1.

PSALMODY TAUGHT.

THE subscriber is enabled from authentic in- formation, to announce to the young ladies and gentlemen of Alexandria, that Mr. Keeler, who lately taught vocal music in this place, has de- clined returning. He, therefore, solicits the pa- tronage of those who wish to be instructed in the science and art of Psalmody; and assures them that no exertion, on his part, shall be omitted to ren- der the School pleasing to the pupils, and condu- cive to the objects of its institution. The second quarter of the School will commence on Monday evening the 6th instant, and will continue to be open as usual, every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday evening. Terms of Tuition may be known by application to

J. Foster, Teacher.

N. B. Ladies and Gentlemen desirous of wit- nelling the performance of the School, are invited to attend on the first Wednesday evening of every month; as that time only will be set apart for the admission of visitors: at all other times the doors will be closed and no spectators admitted.

August 1.

A Tan Yard for Sale,
In a good situation in the country to purchase Hides or dispose of leather.

Enquire of the Printer.
July 16.

JAMES KENNEDY, sen.

King Street,
Respectfully informs the Public that he has received,
from Lee & Co's Patent and Family Medicine
Store, New York, a fresh assortment of the fol-
lowing

Valuable Medicines,

Which are in high esteem and general use through-
out the United States, many of them being sold
cheaper than the drugs of which they are com-
pounded could be purchased at a retail store.

TAKE NOTICE,

That J. Kennedy, sen. is appointed the ONLY
Agent for Alexandria.

Dr. HAMILTON'S ELIXIR.

A sovereign remedy for Colds, Obsolete Coughs, Asthma,
Catarrhs, Sore Throats, and Approaching Con-
sumptions.

To parents who may have children afflicted with
the HOOPING COUGH.

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it is an
immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time
entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which child-
ren are liable—the Elixir is so perfectly agreeable and
the dose so small, that no difficulty arises in taking it.

From LUTHER MARTIN, Esq. Attorney-Gen-
eral of the State of Maryland.

Gentlemen,

I comply with your request in stating my opinion
of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been used in my family for
two or three years past, with uniform success, whenever
colds, coughs, or similar complaints have rendered
medicine necessary. I have myself found it an excellent
and agreeable remedy for a very painful and troublesome
affection of the breast, accompanied with foreboding
and obstructed and difficult breathing.

On these accounts I do not hesitate to recommend Ham-
ilton's Elixir, as a valuable medicine, and deserving
public attention.

LUTHER MARTIN.

Mr. Abijah Henly, Bridge-Street, Baltimore, was cured
by one bottle of Hamilton's elixir of a very complicated
disorder, occasioned by a severe cold caught several
months ago. He breathed with the greatest difficulty,
and was often thrown into weakening sweats when he
attempted to walk any distance, and his voice would
frequently fail in such a degree that he could only at-
tempt to whisper, he has been upwards of six weeks
without a return of his complaints, and desires to give
this public testimony in favour of this invaluable medi-
cine.

Dr. Hamilton's GRAND RESTORATIVE,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine, for the
speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints
which result from dissipated pleasures—juvenile indis-
cretions—residence in climates unfavourable to the constitu-
tion—the immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication, or
any other destructive intemperance—the unskilful or ex-
cessive use of mercury—the diseases peculiar to females,
at a certain period of life—bad lyming, &c. &c.

And is proved by long and extensive experience to be
absolutely unparalleled in the cure of

Nervous disorders, Consumptions, Lowness of spirits, Loss of appetite, Impurity of the blood, Hysterical affections, Inward weakness, Seminal weakness, Fluoribus, (or whites) Barrenness,	Violent cramps in the stomach and back, Indigestion, Melancholy, Gout in the stomach, Pains in the limbs, Relaxations, Involuntary emissions, Obstinate gleet, Impotency, &c. &c.
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In cases of extremity, where the long prevalence and
obstinacy of disease has brought on a general impover-
ishment of the system, excessive debility of the whole
frame, and a wasting of the flesh, which no nourishment
for cordial could repair a perseverance in the use of this
medicine has performed the most astonishing cures.

HAMILTON'S ESSENCE and EXTRACT of MUSTARD,

A safe and effectual remedy for gout, rheumatism, pal-
sey, sprains, bruises, pains in the face and neck, &c.
And has performed more cures in the above complaints
than all the other medicines ever before made public.

From Dr. Weatherburn,
Wythe county, Virginia.

Gentlemen,

I purchased at your shop the preparations you call Ham-
ilton's Essence, or Extract of Mustard, which I believe
has perfectly removed a chronic rheumatism (of that kind
named sciatica, or of the hip joint) under which I had
laboured for a long time, and which had baffled every
article in the Materia Medica, and every mode of treat-
ment received into practice for the cure of this obstinate
disease. If you think this letter useful you are at liberty
to make it public.

Yours, &c.

P. WEATHERBURN.

John Hoover, rope-maker, South Second Street, be-
tween Mary and Christian Streets, Philadelphia, volun-
tarily makes oath as follows, namely, that his wife,
Mary Hoover, was so severely afflicted with a violent
rheumatism, very dangerously situated, the consequence
of a severe cold after lying in, as to be confined to her bed
for several weeks, and was at length reduced to the
melancholy apprehension of remaining a cripple for life,
notwithstanding the most respectable medical advice
was followed, and every probable remedy attempted;
when feeling several cases of cures performed by Ham-
ilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard, they were pro-
cured from Mr. Birch, No. 17, South Second Street.
The first application enabled her to walk across the
room, and the use of one bottle restored her to her usual
state of health and strength.

JOHN HOOVER.

Sworn and subscribed before Ebenezer Foran, Esq.
one of the justices of the peace for Philadelphia County.

HAMILTON'S WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

Which have within four years past cured upwards of
one hundred and twenty thousand persons of both sexes,
of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous
complaints arising from worms, and form obstructions
or bowles in the stomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever of similar
title, for commonly complained of as operating with vio-
lence on the contrary, particular a excellence of this
remedy is its being suited to every age and constitution;
contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and is
so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most
delicate pregnant lady, or the tenderest infant of a week
old should no worms exist in the body; but will, with-
out pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of
whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the
production of worms and many fatal disorders. They
are particularly efficacious in carrying off all gross hu-
mors and corruptions, fevers, and bilious complaints, and
one the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on
any occasion.

Description and the symptoms, of Worms which by they are known.

Worms which infest the human body, are chiefly of four
kinds, viz. the Tereos or large round worm, the Asca-
rides, or small maw worm, the Cucurbitina, or short,
flat, white worm, and lastly, the Tania, or tape worm,
so called from its resemblance to tape; this is often many
yards long, and is full of joints—it is most hurtful, and
most difficult to cure.

Among the symptoms attending worms, are disagree-
able breath, especially in the morning—Bad and corrupt-
ed gums—Itching in the nose and about the feet—Con-
vulsions and epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of
speech—tarting and grinding of the teeth in sleep—irre-
gular appetite, sometimes leading food, and sometimes
voracious—Purging, with slimy and foetid stools—Vomit-
ing—Large and hard belly—Pains and sickness at the
stomach—Pains in the head and thighs, with twinges of
sprits—Slow fever, with small and irregular pulse—A dry
cough—Excessive thirst—Sometimes pale and unhealthy
countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.
Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms
should have immediate recourse to HAMILTON'S
WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES, which have
been constantly attended with success in all complaints
similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the
warm season, will effectually prevent the vomiting and
purging of children, a dreadful disorder which annually
destroys thousands of the infant part of our cities. It is
likewise the mildest and most certain remedy known, and
has restored to health and strength a great number when
in an advanced stage of this fatal complaint. Particular
and plain instructions are given for every part of the ne-
cessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness;
having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

CASES OF CURES—by Hamilton's Worm Destroy- ing Lozenges.

(Selected from thousands) the authenticity of
which any person may ascertain, either by letter
or personal application.

TAPE WORM.

Mr. SAMUEL FULLER, Inn-keeper, on the Har-
ford road, ten miles from Baltimore, began about 20
months ago to be grievously afflicted with a tape worm,
which increased fast in size and strength, so as to excite
the most horrible sensations by its writhing motions and
intolerable pains, resembling the gnawing and tearing of
his bowels, which deprived him of his necessary sleep,
and caused such dreadful apprehensions as cannot be con-
ceived but by one in a similar situation—his appetite wast-
ed rapidly, and with that his strength, so that he was
unable to attend to any business—when he heard of
some excellent cures performed by Hamilton's worm
lozenges, he took a large dose, which brought away a-
bout FOUR YARDS of the worm (now in the pos-
session of Lee & Co.)—but a renewal of his pains soon
convinced him that this monstrous reptile had recovered
its first vigour—Application was made to Lee & Co. for
more of their medicine, with their advice—from which
resulted the total expulsion of his formidable enemy, in
several pieces, which he supplied to be SIX or EIGHT
YARDS more. A few months have since elapsed, and
Mr. Fuller is now in perfect health. The above facts
are well known to a numerous circle of his neighbours,
and himself will gratify any who may wish to make further
inquiries on the subject. Although Hamilton's worm
lozenges produce such powerful effects, when necessary,
yet they are perfectly innocent and mild in their opera-
tion on the human body, even taken in large doses, as
Mr. Fuller will testify—their particular mildness is abun-
dantly evident in innumerable cures of infants.

Communicated by Dr. John Spangler, York-
town, Pennsylvania.

Letter from the reverend Mr. JOHN MOTHER,
minister of the Moravian church, in York town.

York, January 4th, 1802.

Dear Sir,

Dr. Hamilton's lozenges have been recommended to
me as a very adequate means for the cure of children af-
flicted with worms. I procured a box for the use of my
family, to try, whether by means of this medicine, I
might be enabled to gain a point, which, to accomplish
different other means had proved abortive. My eldest
boy had a very sickly appearance, was very restless at night
grew leaner from time to time; in short, he seemed to be
in a precarious state of health, which would yield to none
of the medicines administered, until I gave him two
doses of lozenges, agreeably to the directions, which car-
ried off a substance to all appearance a mercurius but
upon close inspection quite repelled with very small living
animals. Not one of that sort of worms which usually
afflict children came from him. Since that period he grew
remarkably better in health, and though lean, has got a
fresh and lively complexion. Upon different occa-
sions I have used this medicine as a purging substitute,
and found it to answer exceedingly well, without bringing on
belly-ache, or any of those disagreeable sensations, so of-
ten occasioned by purging medicines. Upon the whole I
judge this medicine to be, besides its main object, one of
the most salutary means for restoring lost appetite, and
promoting a proper state of digestion, by carrying off
that bilious substance, which engenders so much indis-
position both among children and adults.

I am, Sir, your most obedient servant,
JOHN MOTHER.

Dr. HAHN'S TRUE and GENUINE GERMAN CORN PLASTER.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them,
root and branch, without giving pain.

The GENUINE PERSIAN LOTION.

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Eu-
rope, as an invaluable cosmetic perfectly innocent and
safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals (the basis
of other lotions) and of unparalleled efficacy in preventing
and removing blemishes in the face and skin of every kind,
particularly freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness,
scurs, tetters, ring worms, sun burn, prickly heat, &c.
The Persian Lotion operates mildly, without impeding
the natural, insensible perspiration which is essential to
health. Yet its salutary effects are speedy and perma-
nent, rendering the skin delicately soft and clear, improv-
ing the complexion, and restoring the bloom of youth.
Never failing to render an ordinary countenance beau-
tiful, and an handsome one more so.

The RESTORATIVE POWDER for the TEETH and GUMS.

This excellent preparation comforts and strengthens
the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses
and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all that acrimonious
lime and foulness, which suffered to accumulate, never
allows to infuse and finally ruin them.

Dr. HAHN'S GENUINE EYE-WATER.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether
the effect of natural weakness or of accident, distillations
of rheum, dunks, itching and films on the eyes, never
failing to cure those maladies which frequently succeed the
small pox, measles and fevers, and wonderfully strength-
ening a weak sight. Hundreds have experienced its ex-
cellent virtues, when nearly deprived of sight.

TOOTHACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immedi-
ate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.
The SOVEREIGN OINTMENT for the ITCH,
Which is warranted an infallible remedy at one app.

cation, and may be used with perfect safety by pregnant
women, or on infants containing in it old, a weaknot apart
ble of mercury, or any other dangerous ingredient what-
ever, and is not accompanied with that tormenting smart
which attends the application of other remedies.

THE ANODYNE ELIXIR.

For the cure of every kind of head-ache.

INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC.

A safe and speedy remedy for the venereal disease.

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant
fevers,

IS RECOMMENDED

Dr. HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be
used with safety by persons in every situation, and of every
age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous
bile, and prevent its morbid secretions—to regulate and
amend the appetite—to procure a free perspiration, and
thereby prevent colds, which are often attended with
fatal consequences—a dose never fails to remove a cold,
if taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for
removing habitual colic—sickness at the stomach,
and severe head-ache—and ought to be taken by all
persons on a change of climate.

Sold likewise by S. Pleasants,
Richmond; Rofs and Douglass, Peters-
burg; T. Green, Fredericksburgh; G.
Purdie, Smithfield; M. Jones, Suffolk;
Dr. Miller, Winchester; R. Greenhow,
Williamsburg; and J. Shaw, Leesburg.

LOTS TO LET, FOR EVER.

One on the south side of Prince Street, bound-
ed on the north by Prince Street 100 feet, on the
west by Patrick Street 88 feet, on the south by a
16 feet alley, on the East by a 3 feet 5 inch alley,
88 feet to the beginning, to prevent further
trouble my price if taken this summer is one
hundred dollars per year; one more LOT on
Prince Street 20 feet front and 88 feet back to the
16 feet alley with the privilege of the 3 feet 5
inch alley; one more LOT on the north side of
Duke Street bounded on the south by Duke Street
123 feet 5 inches, on the west by Patrick Street
88 feet, on the north by a 16 feet alley, this
may be divided to suit the renter.

Alexander Perry.

July 16.

FOR SALE,

Thirty five thousand White Oak Barrel

STAVES,

By Wm. I. HALL.

Merchant's Wharf, July 23.

NOTICE.

A Petition will be presented to the next Le-
gislature of Virginia, praying the establishment
of a Branch of the Bank of Virginia, and an in-
crease of the capital of the said Bank, contiguous
to the Town of Alexandria.

Fairfax, July 12.

Twenty Five Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber's farm, in
the county of Alexandria, district of Columbia,
a Mulatto man called NATT COOK, about 6
feet high, between 35 and 40 years of age, long
hair which he wears tied, a lock of white hair on
the front of his head, a little to the left, a cooper
by trade; he has several scars on his arms and
wrists, a scar on his back occasioned by a scald,
and several marks from a whip; he is very fond
of drink and gambling; he took with him a va-
riety of clothes and some cooper's tools. He
crossed the Potomac at Georgetown a few days
since, and will probably make for Baltimore, as
he has been very anxious for some time past to
go to sea. I will give the above reward for
securing said fellow in any jail, so that I get
him again, or thirty dollars, with reasonable
charges if brought home. All masters of
vessels and others are forewarned harbouring, em-
ploying or carrying off said fellow at their peril.

C. F. Whiting.

July 11.

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber being about to remove from
Alexandria, offers for sale, on the most moderate
terms, his large, commodious, and well finished
DWELLING HOUSE,
Two Lots of Ground, Stable, Carriage
House, &c.

The premises possess almost every convenience
necessary for the accommodation of a genteel fam-
ily, and are situate on King Street, in the cen-
tre of business; the house contains eight rooms,
with six fire places, closets, &c. If not sold
within two weeks it will be let.

For terms apply on the premises, next door
to the Washington Tavern.

Peter Heiskell.

All persons indebted to me on
account of the tavern, will please take notice that
their bills will be left in the hands of R. Aber-
crombie for collection.

July 25.

2aw34

To be Rented.

THE HOUSE formerly occupied by the sub-
scriber on Wolfe Street, having every conveni-
ence for a genteel family, with a large produc-
tive garden; the situation healthy and the house
remarkably cool in the summer season. For par-
ticulars apply to

John C. Vowell.

June 23.

JUST RECEIVED,
And for Sale by Rob. and John G.

MEMOIRS

OF
The LIFE of Dr. DARWIN.

By Anna Seaward.

Price in boards, 1 dol. 75 cts.
Bound in Sheep, 2 — 00
Calf, gilt, 2 — 50

July 20.

For Sale, or to Let,

THAT beautiful seat whereon the subscriber
now lives, about half a mile from the town of
Alexandria. The Lot contains four acres, on
which are erected a handsome dwelling, with
azzeas round the first and second stories, a stable
and carriage house, beside other out buildings;
there are also pertaining to the premises, an in-
house, two springs of good water, and a summer
and winter fishery. The ground is under good
fencing, and the greater part set in clover, and
about 40 bearing cherry and peach trees thereon.
For terms apply to the subscriber on the pre-
mises, or at the corner of the Diagonal Street.

John Duff.

July 24.

TO LET—on moderate Terms.

A large two story brick dwelling HOUSE,
pleasantly situated on Wolfe Street, between Wa-
ter and Union Streets.

Likewise, another two story brick dwelling
HOUSE on Washington, between Duke and
Wolfe Streets, on one of the most elevated and
healthy situations in the town, with a well of
good water.

Possession of the latter house may be had im-
mediately, and of the former at a week's notice.
Apply to the subscriber, or in his absence, to
Mr. Jonah Habel.

Archibald M'Clean.

July 28.

DANIEL M'DOUGALL

Will commence the business of SAIL MAK-
ING in the Loft over the store of Mr. Thomas
Irwin, at the corner of King and Union Streets,
on or before the 20th of August next.

July 24.

ROBERT and JOHN GRAY

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

From New York and Philadelphia,
A NEW

Assortment of Books & Stationary,
among which are the following:

Motherby's Medical Dictionary, Lad-
dy's Museum, Deffen's Life of Petrarch, Dic-
tionary of Natural History, Ferguson's Astronomy,
Cooke's Pantheon, Young's Latin Dictionary,
Scrivener's Lexicon, St. Pierre's Studies of Nature,
Medical Extracts with plates, DeCameron of
Boccaci, Blount's Practical Navigator, Federa-
list, Hoole's Ariosto, Simpson's Euclid, Wil-
man's Egypt, quarto, octavo and pocket Bibles,
gilt and plain, Morocco Prayer Books, Bell's
Surgery, Edinburgh New Dispensatory, Bailey's
Johnson's, Walker's and Perry's Dictionaries. An
elegant assortment of

Paper Hangings,

a few choice Violins, Violin Strings and Bows,
a complete assortment of German Flutes and Fla-
gels, and a great variety of other articles which
will be advertised in a few d-ys.

July 24.

LANDS for SALE.

Will positively be sold on the premises
to the highest bidder, on Wednesday the 8th
of August next,

2000 Acres of LAND,

In that part of the county of Loudon on Sa-
gar Land Run, lately attached to Fairfax, about
20 miles from Alexandria, and the same distance
from the Federal City. It will be laid off in farms
of about 200 acres each, so as to combine a suffi-
ciency of timber and water to each farm, in which
is abundance, and that of the best quality, and ad-
apted to the use of plaster; several of them are
improved with tolerable good dwelling houses,
out houses, orchards &c. and rented to tenants
until the first day of January next, when posses-
sion may be had with liberty to the purchaser to
feed this fall, two of the farms will be laid off at
the forks of the great road leading from the back
country to the Great Falls, George Town Fed-
eral City, and Alexandria, where the situation for
a public house, store or distillery, is equal to any
in the State.

The terms are one fourth of the purchase mo-
ney to be paid at the time of making the deed,
the balance to be paid in three years from the day
of sale in annual payments, and deed of trust to
be given at the same time to secure the different
payments. Mr. Henry Gunnell, the surveyor,
will show the land, who lives near it, with a plat
thereof. The above lands were conveyed to me
some time past by Ferdinando Fairfax, Esq. and
the title clear of all incumbrance whatever, for
further information apply to Mr. Gunnell, at
the subscriber.

B. Dade.

N. B. The sale to begin at the forks of the
road, where cheeks formerly lived.

June 23.

2awds.

PRINTED DAILY BY

S. S. SNOWDEN.